Ear Drawing Easy: Outline, Inner Folds, and Lobe Construction

Topic reference / ordinary illustration



Ordinary topic reference. Hypothetical dimensions in the four tasks are supplied in their own text; this illustration is not their measured answer.

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Worked example / complete source key

Draw an ear about 6 cm tall and 3 cm wide on plain paper. Use a tilted oval, place the helix band and antihelix split, then shape the lobe. Check that the lobe sits in the lower third and that the helix gap is roughly even.

Answer: A finished ear with a tilted oval outline, a helix band following the top and back, an antihelix split near the top third, and a rounded lobe below the back branch. The lobe occupies roughly the lower third of the height. The helix gap is even along the top, and one soft shadow sits under the helix. Measurements are hypothetical examples; the drawing is checked by proportion and fold placement, not by exact centimeters.