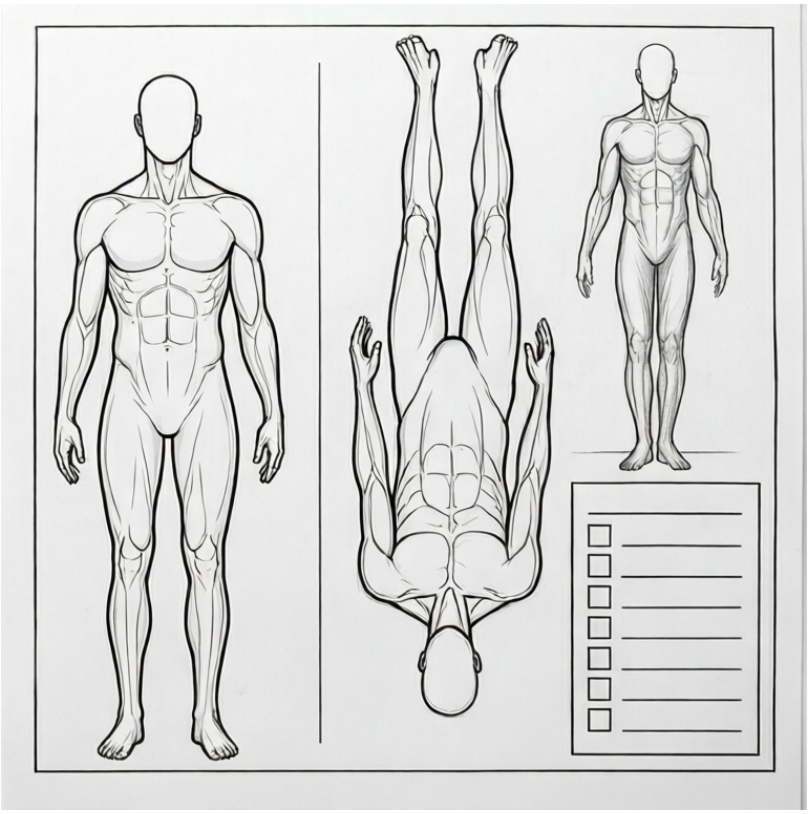
Upright vs Inverted Torso Forms: A Drawing Comparison Guide

Ordinary topic reference / separately checked pixels



Upright vs Inverted Torso Forms: A Drawing Comparison Guide

Original worked example / unchanged complete key

Prompt: A torso outline has top width 30 mm, middle width 60 mm, and bottom width 35 mm. Compare how it reads upright versus inverted. Use hypothetical measurements and label units.

Answer: Upright: top narrow (30 mm), middle wide (60 mm), bottom narrow (35 mm). It reads as a mass that widens then narrows. Inverted: the narrow top becomes the bottom, and the wide middle stays central. It reads as a different mass with the narrow end at the bottom. Middle minus top equals 30 mm; middle minus bottom equals 25 mm. These are hypothetical examples; measure your own drawing.