Draw Different Plants: Labeled Specimen Variety Worksheet

Visible plant-form alternatives



Specimen A: broad oval leaves, upright stem, single flower.



Specimen B: narrow pointed leaves, branching stems, clustered flowers.

Reference example only. Use the separate blank worksheet for independent work; the hypothetical questions remain solvable from their text.

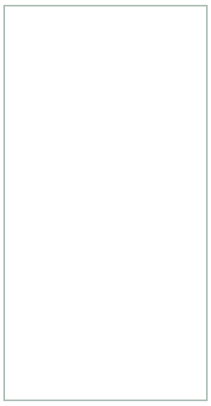
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Three real construction stages

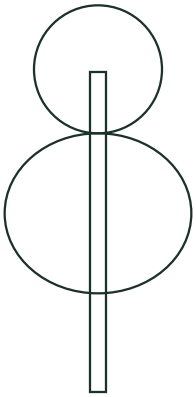
Shape breakdown: one illustrative plant

Use a bounding rectangle, then three simple shape masses, then a refined outline. These are drawing choices, not a botanical species template.

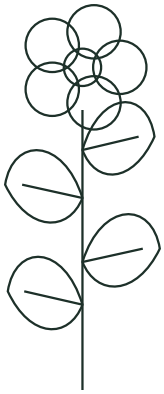
Step 1



Step 2



Step 3



1: enclosing rectangle. 2: stem rectangle, leaf-mass oval and flower circle. 3: recognizable stem, separate leaves and a flower outline.

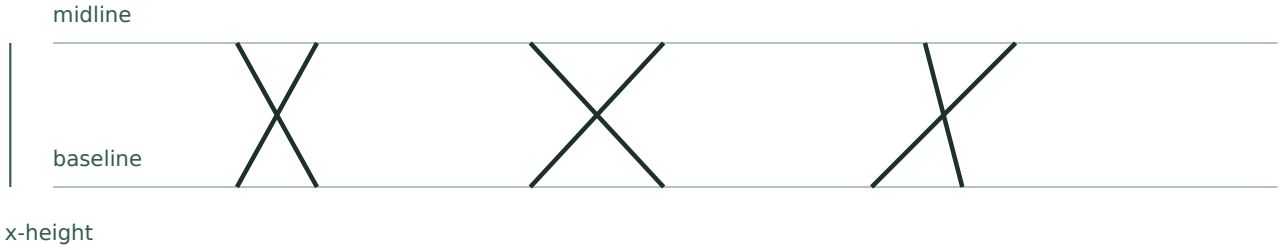
Try your own shape breakdown below. Different valid leaf widths, slants and flower forms are accepted.

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Valid lettering-width and slant alternatives

Label convention: baseline to midline

X-height is the interval from baseline to midline. The three vector x examples below share that interval while width and slant vary. No single width or slant is required.



Capitals may extend above the midline and descenders may extend below the baseline. They do not change the lowercase x-height convention.

Practice an alternative label style. Mark baseline and midline, then write your own plant-feature label.