Draw Gloves from the Back View: Cuff, Seams, and Finger Overlap

Original tasks 1, 2, 3 / complete keys

Task 1

A back-view glove drawing has a cuff band 4 cm high and a hand mass 7 cm wide at the wrist. The cuff is drawn 6 cm wide. Is the cuff proportion acceptable under the lesson convention? Explain.

Answer: No. The cuff should be slightly wider than the wrist area of the hand mass. Here the cuff is 6 cm and the wrist is 7 cm, so the cuff is narrower. Widen the cuff to more than 7 cm, for example 7.5 cm as a hypothetical value.

Reason: The convention states the cuff is slightly wider than the hand mass at the wrist. Compare the two recorded widths in the same unit.

Check: Measure the drawn cuff width and wrist width with a ruler in centimeters; confirm cuff width is greater than wrist width.

Task 2

You draw four fingers with overlaps of 0.5 cm, 0.5 cm, and 1.5 cm between successive pairs. The lesson asks for consistent overlap. What should you change, and what is the total overlap if you use 0.5 cm for all three gaps?

Answer: Change the third overlap from 1.5 cm to 0.5 cm so all three gaps are equal. Total overlap is 0.5 + 0.5 + 0.5 = 1.5 cm.

Reason: Consistency means equal overlap amounts between adjacent fingers. Sum the three equal gaps.

Check: List the three overlap values; confirm they are equal; add them to verify the total.

Task 3

A finger is drawn 8 cm long from base to tip. A center seam is drawn starting at the base and ending exactly at the tip. According to the lesson, where should the seam stop, and how long is the visible seam if it stops 1 cm before the tip?

Answer: The seam should stop before the fingertip, for example 1 cm before it. Visible seam length is 8 - 1 = 7 cm.

Reason: Seams stop short of the tip to avoid crossing the outer outline at the rounded end. Subtract the stop distance from total finger length.

Check: Measure the seam line and the finger length; confirm seam length equals finger length minus the chosen stop distance.

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Original tasks 4 / complete keys

Task 4

A glove back view has a cuff seam drawn 2 cm below the cuff opening and a cuff band 3 cm high. Is the cuff seam inside the band? If the band is 3 cm and the seam is 2 cm below the opening, how far is the seam from the lower cuff edge?

Answer: Yes, the seam is inside the band because 2 cm is less than 3 cm. Distance from the lower cuff edge is 3 - 2 = 1 cm.

Reason: The cuff band spans from the opening to the lower cuff arc. A seam within that span is inside the band. Subtract the seam position from band height.

Check: Measure band height and seam distance from the opening; confirm seam distance is less than band height and compute the difference.

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Source rubric / reflection

- [ ] Cuff opening and band are clearly drawn and the cuff is slightly wider than the wrist area.
- [ ] Back-of-hand mass is blocked as a simple rounded shape before fingers are added.
- [ ] Four fingers and a thumb are present, with consistent overlap between adjacent fingers.
- [ ] Seams are placed inside the glove outline and stop before fingertips.
- [ ] Line quality distinguishes outer outlines from lighter seam lines.
- [ ] Valid alternative seam conventions are accepted if seams are clear and consistent.

Reflection: What did you check, what did you change, and what will you try next?