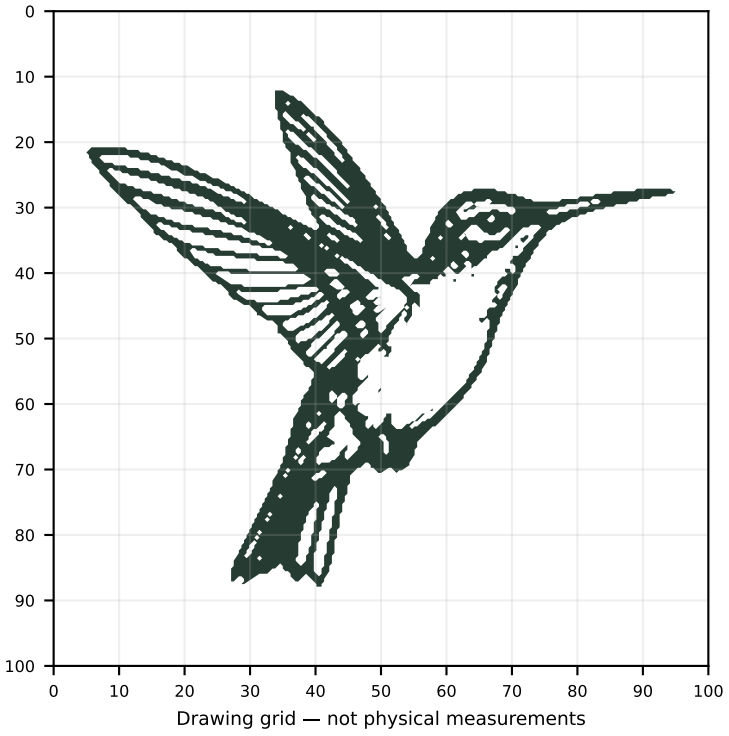
How to Draw Hummingbird — Free Practice Sheets

ANSWER / CASE 1

hummingbird: Trace the reference outline, then practise the contour independently. Compare with the separate full reference sheet.

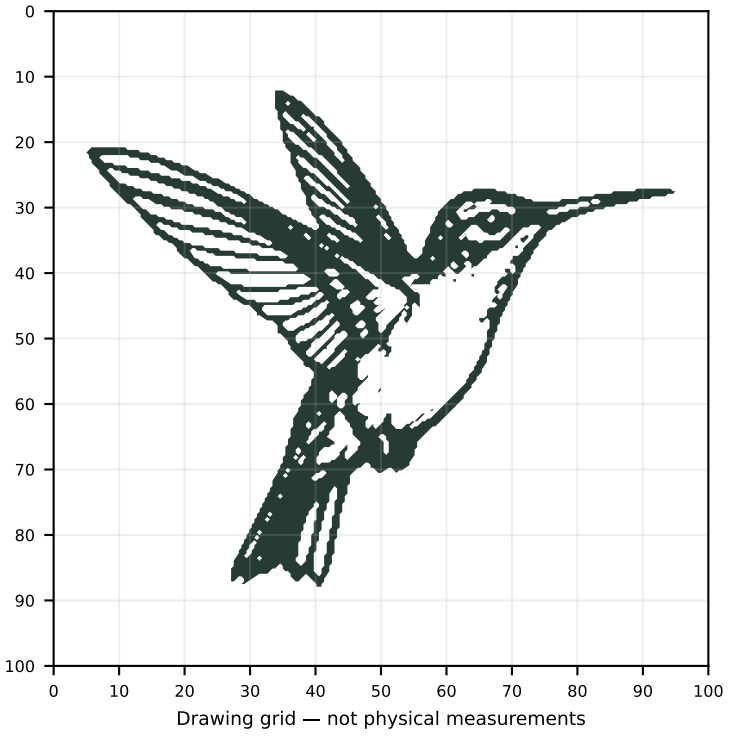


ANSWER: Example solution: preserve long thin straight beak pointing right, two spread wings with visible feather lines, one raised and one extended left, small compact body with short tail and tiny tucked feet. Other drawings can be correct; assess the visible features and proportions rather than pixel-perfect matching.
1. Draw the long thin beak and rounded head as the starting anchor.
2. Add the compact oval body and short tail below the head.
3. Attach the two wings: one angled up behind the head and one extended to the left.
4. Add feather line details on wings and body, plus a small tucked foot under the belly.

How to Draw Hummingbird — Free Practice Sheets

ANSWER / CASE 2

hummingbird: Copy the reference onto the blank grid, using matching grid intersections. Compare with the separate full reference sheet.

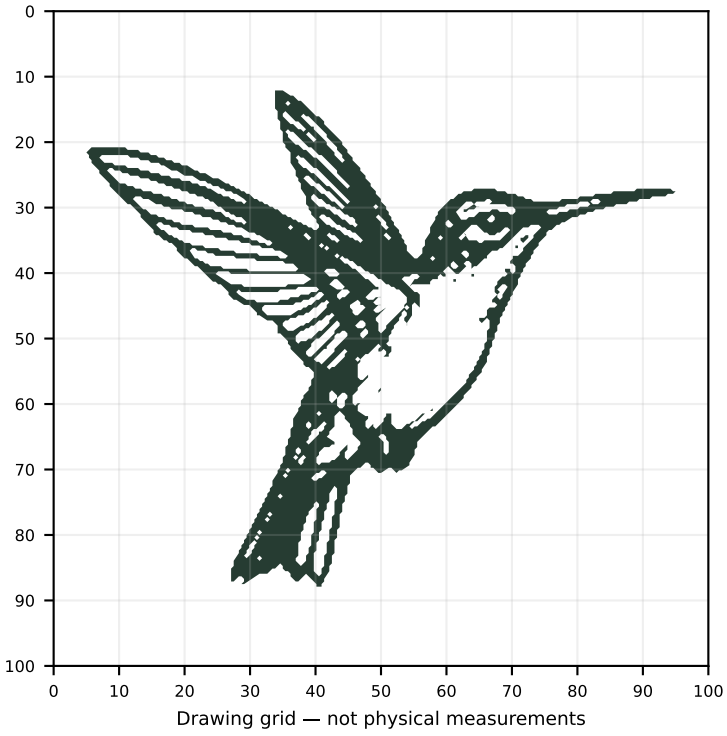


ANSWER: Example solution: preserve long thin straight beak pointing right, two spread wings with visible feather lines, one raised and one extended left, small compact body with short tail and tiny tucked feet. Other drawings can be correct; assess the visible features and proportions rather than pixel-perfect matching.
1. Draw the long thin beak and rounded head as the starting anchor.
2. Add the compact oval body and short tail below the head.
3. Attach the two wings: one angled up behind the head and one extended to the left.
4. Add feather line details on wings and body, plus a small tucked foot under the belly.

How to Draw Hummingbird — Free Practice Sheets

ANSWER / CASE 3

hummingbird: Use the bounding frame and center guide to place the silhouette, then add the identifying details. Compare with the separate full reference sheet.

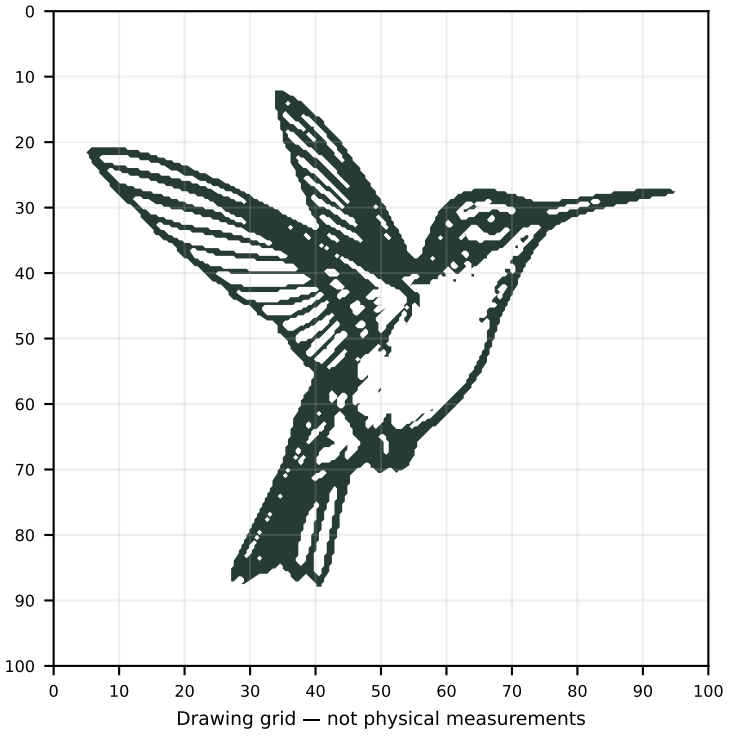


ANSWER: Example solution: preserve long thin straight beak pointing right, two spread wings with visible feather lines, one raised and one extended left, small compact body with short tail and tiny tucked feet. Other drawings can be correct; assess the visible features and proportions rather than pixel-perfect matching.
1. Draw the long thin beak and rounded head as the starting anchor.
2. Add the compact oval body and short tail below the head.
3. Attach the two wings: one angled up behind the head and one extended to the left.
4. Add feather line details on wings and body, plus a small tucked foot under the belly.

How to Draw Hummingbird — Free Practice Sheets

ANSWER / CASE 4

hummingbird: Complete the blank right-hand portion using the full reference. Compare with the separate full reference sheet.



ANSWER: Example solution: preserve long thin straight beak pointing right, two spread wings with visible feather lines, one raised and one extended left, small compact body with short tail and tiny tucked feet. Other drawings can be correct; assess the visible features and proportions rather than pixel-perfect matching.
1. Draw the long thin beak and rounded head as the starting anchor.
2. Add the compact oval body and short tail below the head.
3. Attach the two wings: one angled up behind the head and one extended to the left.
4. Add feather line details on wings and body, plus a small tucked foot under the belly.